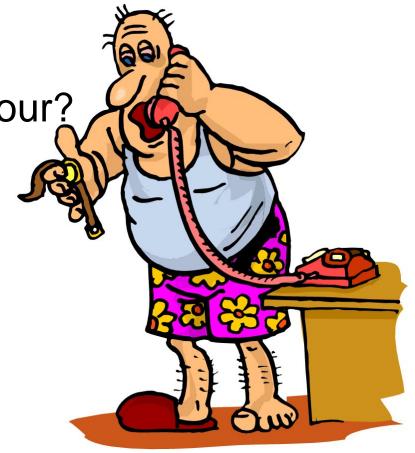
Advanced Rexx Workshop

How To Write Self-Healing Rexx Programs or:

#@%\$&!!!

Who can be calling at THIS hour?

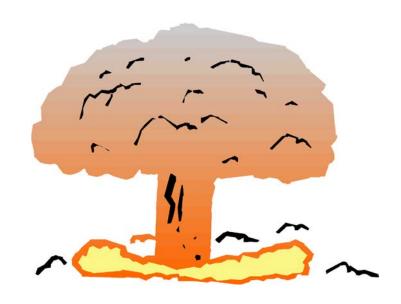
Chip Davis chip@aresti.com Aresti Systems, LLC



The Problem

A Rexx program with

- Syntax errors or sloppy code
- File locked or not found
- Command failure
- Over-precise arithmetic
- Operator interruption
- Or anything else that can blow up...





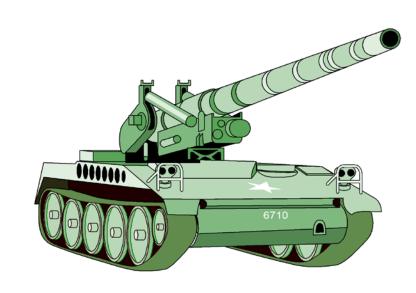
... will blow up, usually in the middle of the night!

Your Choice

- Example of normal Rexx error message
- Demo SHealB.cmd without an error trap
- Demo SHealT.cmd with an error trap



VS.



Normal Rexx Error Handling

```
> shealb
Enter full filespec:
test.exe
disk = te
    6 *-* Say "path =" SubStr(fs, 3, lastslash-2)
REX0093E: Error 93 running G:\SHealB.cmd line 6: Incorrect call to routine
REX0451E: Error 93.923: Incorrect length argument specified; found
"-2"
```

- ► Statement listed as if **TRACE RESULTS** were set on failing instruction
- ►Two error messages reported
 - ► Major error code = integer basic error message
 - ► Minor error code = fraction elaboration most have values substituted into message
- ► Execution stops, interpreter exits to operating system

Trapped Error Handling

```
> shealt
Enter full filespec:
test.exec
disk = te
```

```
>>> Are you sure that was the complete file specification?
>>> It should have the format: d:\dir\...\dir\file.ext
>>> Please try again.
```

- ► Error is intercepted, allowing more flexible handling of condition
- ► Handle only the errors you wish
 - ► Enable trap for only certain portions of the program let Rexx handle the rest
 - ► All information necessary to simulate all Rexx major error messages is available
- ► Execution continues with choice of
 - ► Graceful exit following recovery procedures
 - ► Return to resume execution at point of error

Example of Trap Code

```
/* Signal On Syntax trap - Chip 26Feb03
  Signal On Syntax
  Say "Enter full filespec:"
  Parse Pull fs
  lastslash = LastPos('\', fs)
  Say "disk =" Left(fs, 2)
  Say "path =" SubStr(fs, 3, lastslash-2)
  Say "file =" SubStr(fs, lastslash+1)
 Exit 0
Syntax:
  Say ""
  Say ">>> Are you sure that was the complete file specification?"
  Say ">>> It should have the format: d:\dir\...\dir\file.ext"
  Say ">>> Please try again."
 Exit 99
```

SIGNAL & CALL



>>	SIGNAL	1 1	OFF	condition
	CALL	1 1		condition

NAME routine

condition:

FAILURE RC < 0 from a command

ERROR RC > 0 from a command *

NOTREADY I/O error

HALT external interrupt

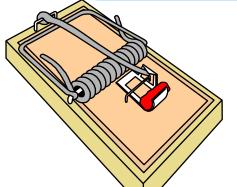
NOVALUE referenced an uninitialized variable

GITS tried to use a number longer than DIGITS()

anything else that's bad...







^{*} if FAILURE also trapped, otherwise: RC \= 0 from a command

^{*} causes termination even if not trapped

Special Variables: RC & SIGL

XRC

- ⊠on **ERROR** or **FAILURE** traps, contains
 - □ Numeric return code from last command issued
- ⊠on **SYNTAX** trap, contains

SIGL

- contains line number that transferred execution to here
- ► use with **SOURCELINE()** to display failing instruction
- ► not just for error trapping...

SourceLine()

```
SOURCELINE(
                                        ><
>>
                     linenumber
                            number of source program line to be returned as a
       linenumber
       string
    Returns number of lines in source program, if omitted
    Returns null, if linenumber > SOURCELINE()
Say "Error on line" sigl "of" SourceLine() "lines in" thisprog ":"
Say sigl-2 SourceLine(sigl-2)
Say sigl-1 SourceLine(sigl-1)
Say sigl">" SourceLine(sigl)
Say sigl+1 SourceLine(sigl+1)
Error on line 31 of 54 lines in L:\S8311.cmd:
29
     jul = jul + dd
30 day = (jul + offset) // 7
31> today = Left(Date('S')4) | Date('D')
     If today < (yyyy | | jul) Then verb = 'will be a'
32
```

ErrorText()

```
>> ERRORTEXT( msgnum ) ><
```

msgnum string

routine

number (0-99) of error message to be returned as a

- -Returns null, if number not assigned an error message
- **▶ Returns major error message text only**

Condition()

CONDITION(

Instruction >< **S**tatus Condition Description



Instruction

Status

Condition

Description

failure

How we got here: either CALL or SIGNAL

State of trap: ON, OFF, or DELAY

Name of trapped condition

Trap-specific information, based on Condition:

ERROR

HALT

command string that returned error or

FAILURE

LOSTDIGITS

NOVALUE

NOTREADY

SYNTAX

command string that returned failure

null string

number longer than NUMERIC DIGITS

derived name of uninitialized variable

stream name

null string

Parse Source



Source string contains at least 3 tokens:

- 1 Where am I?
- 2 How was I started?
- 3 What is my name?

> OS/2 FUNCTION L:\SHealV.cmd

4+ Anything else?

TSO OS/2 AIX UNIX ...
COMMAND SUBROUTINE FUNCTION
filename path/filename member ...
platform dependent information ...

```
Parse Source srcstr
Say ">" srcstr

> TSO COMMAND SHealV SYSEXEC CHIP.REXX.EXEC ? TSO ISPF ?
Parse Source srcstr
Say ">" srcstr
```

Trapping HALT



```
/* Call On Halt trap - Chip 26Feb03 */
 Call On Halt Name Ten20
 Parse Arg n .
 Numeric Digits (Length(n)-1)*2
 sum = 0
 Do i = 1 To n
   sum = sum + i
 End i
 Say "Summation of i (j=1,"n") = sum
 Exit 0
Ten20:
 Say "i="i "sum=" sum
 Say "To continue, press -Enter-. Any other key to cancel."
 Parse Pull reply .
 If reply = '' Then Return
 Exit 0
```

Trapping NOTREADY,

```
/* Signal On NotReady trap - Chip 26Feb03 */
  file = "M8DATA"
  If Stream(file, 'Command', 'Open Read') \= 'READY:' Then Exit 28
  Signal On NotReady Name EOF
  Call ReadFile
  Signal Off NotReady
                          -- Return here at EOF
 Do j = 1 To ans.0 -- Prove that it worked
   Say "Answer" j":" ans.j
 End j
  Exit 0
ReadFile:
                          -- Read records until EOF
 Do i = 1
   ans.i = LineIn(file) -- Only place NOTREADY can be raised!
 End i
                           -- Close file and return to main routine
EOF:
  ans.0 = i - 1
  Call Stream file, 'Command', 'Close'
  Return 0
```

RexxTry

```
/* RexxTry - Dynamically execute Rexx intructions */
 Trace Off
 Signal On Syntax Name !Oops!
 Parse Arg rxinst
 If rxinst \= '' Then Return ?Try?()
 Say ""; Say "Enter any Rexx instruction or 'exit' to quit:"
 Say ""
 Do Forever
   Parse Pull rxinst
   Call ?Try?
   Say "---"; Say ""
 End /* Forever */
?Try?:
 Interpret rxinst
 Return 0
!Oops!:
 Trace Off
 Say "" ; Say "Oops! That caused error" Rc": ErrorText(Rc)
 Say "Try again."
 Return 0
```

Conclusion



- Costs very little to add robust error trapping to a Rexx program, either at development time or later
- Pays BIG dividends in uninterrupted sleep
- Accurate metric of programmer professionalism
- But...
 - ► it's a very sharp knife -- don't mis-handle it
 - ► "Just because Rexx lets you get away with it, that doesn't mean it's a smart thing to do."